ABSTRACT PROCEEDING Volume 1, Issue 12

ABMSE-Sep-2019

Venue: Best Western Globus Hotel Rome, Italy

Date: September 25-26, 2019



ISER International Conference on Academic Research in Business Management, Social Science, Humanities, & Economic Growth (ABMSE)

Conference organized by:





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ISER International Conference on Academic Research in Business Management, Social Science, Humanities, & Economic Growth (ABMSE)

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Welcome Message

ISER International Conference on Academic Research in Business Management, Social Science, Humanities, & Economic Growth (ABMSE)

We are happy you decided to join your colleagues from around the world to explore innovative technologies, pioneering pedagogical strategies, and a sampling of international collaborations that are being used to engage and retain students, researchers and Scholars in the new millennium.



Scientific Committee

Ali Sarikaya, University of Pecs, Hungary HAOUAM ZOHRA, Departement de communication et environnement déntreprise, Hassan 1er. Maroc Casablanca. Maroc Vimut Vanitcharearnthum, Chulalongkorn University Bangkok , Thailand Yousaf Jamal Effat, University Jeddah. Saudia Arabia Dimesh Manoj Sivaguru, University of Kelaniya Sri Lanka Prabath Perera, University of Kelaniya Sri Lanka Divyashree Modi Pandit Deendayal, Petroleum University Ahmedabad, India Rafeah Legino, Universiti Teknologi Mara (UiTM) Malaysia MANDENGUE Samuel Honore, University of Douala Douala, Cameroon Dr. Rong Zhang Nishinippon,Institute of Technology 1-2-11, Muro-machi, Kokura-kita, Kitakyushu, Fukuoka, Japan

Acknowledgements

The organizing committee would like to thank all those people who were involved in making the conference a success. A great amount of planning and organizing is required to hold a successful conference, so we are indebted to those who volunteered their time and energy.

We want to thank all the members of the ISER International Conference on Academic Research in Business Management, Social Science, Humanities, & Economic Growth (ABMSE)who volunteered their time to help organize the conference.



Business Administration and Marketing

Management, Firms, Startups, Corporate Culture, Social Responsibility, Marketing, Advertising, Public Relations, Consumer Behavior, Brand, Identity and Corporate Reputation, Entrepreneurial and Small Businesses Marketing, Marketing Segmentation, E-Marketing, Computer Software in Business Administrations, Accounting and Auditing, Trade, Tourism, Transportation Systems, Environmental and Ecological Economics, Strategy, General Management, Management Theories, Modern Management Practices, Entertainment, CSR and Business Ethics, International Business, Innovation, Supply Chain Management, Operations Management, Information Management, Human Resources Management, Project Management

Accounting

Accounting Practices, Financial Modeling, Financial Analysis, Financial Statistics, Future Markets, Risk, New Trends for Accounting and Finance, Research for Accounting, Tax Theories and Practices, Tax Avoidance, Invasion and Extraction from Tax Invasion, Corporate Finance, Finance Theories, Money, Credit and Banking, Stock, Currency and Bonds, Commodity

Social Sciences and Humanities

Education Challenges, E-learning in higher education, Life Long Learning, Sociolinguistic, Social cohesion and multiculturalism, Economic-Sociology, Major trends in society, EU citizenship, Political Sciences, Psychology applied in Economics, Anthropology, Arts, English, History, Information science, Islamic Studies, Language, Linguistics, Literature, Local Government, Museums and heritage, Music, Occupational Science, Philosophy Poetry, Politics, Popular Culture, Psychology, Religious studies, Social Sciences, Sociology, Women's history

Interdisciplinary

Children and Youth, Communications and Media, Complex Systems, Conflict resolution, Creativity, Culture, Disaster Management, Discourse, Film studies, Gender studies, Globalization, HIV/AIDS, Human Rights, Identity, LGBT Studies, Leadership, Memory, Multidisciplinary Studies, Poverty, Public Policy, Security, Sexuality and eroticism, Spirituality, Sport science, Sustainable development, Urban studies, Violence Women's studies

General Economics, Economic Development, Technological Change and Growth

Microeconomics, Household Behavior and Family Economics, Economic Development, Sustainable Development, Eco-Development, Production and Organizations, Welfare Economics, Macroeconomics and Monetary Economics, International Economics, Public Economics, Analyses of Economic Development, Agriculture; Natural Resources; Energy; Environment; Other Primary Products, Human Resources; Human Development; Income Distribution; Migration, Economic Development: Financial Markets; Savings and Capital Investment; Corporate Finance and Governance, Regional, Urban, and Rural Analyses, International Linkages to Development; Role of International Organizations, Fiscal and Monetary Policy in Development, Trade Policy; Factor Movement Policy; Foreign Exchange, Innovation and Invention: Processes and Incentives, Management of Technological Innovation and Research and Development

IT Business

Business for AI and Deep Learning, Technological Forecasting and Social Change, Business for Big Data, Internet of Things and Cloud Computing, Business for IT-driven Services, Information Systems and Informatics, ICT for Business, ICT for Education, Healthcare, Finance and Other Sectors, Large Scale Surveys and Analysis, HCI and Computers Human Behavior, Computers In Industry



Conference Schedule

ISER International Conference on Academic Research in Business Management, Social Science, Humanities, & Economic Growth (ABMSE)

Rome, Italy September 25-26, 2019

09: 00 am 09: 30 am	Registration and Reception
09: 30 am - 09:40 am	Introduction of Participants
09: 40 am - 09:50 am	Inauguration and Opening address
09: 50 am - 10:00 am	Grand Networking Session
10: 00 am - 10:15 am	Tea Break



ISER International Conference on Academic Research in Business Management, Social Science, Humanities, & Economic Growth (ABMSE)

Day 01: Wednesday September 25, 2019

Session 01: 10:15 am - 12:00 pm

Track A: Business Management, Economics, Social Sciences & Humanities

Presenter Name: Xiaoheng Shen Reference ID: ABMSE-SEP-10

Paper Title: Human Capital and Innovation in China: Relationship and Regional Heterogeneity

Presenter Name: Xiaokun He

Reference ID: ABMSE-SEP-11

Paper Title: R&D Expenditure, Intellectual Property Protection and Enterprise Performance in China

Presenter Name: Jose Stalin Rojas Amaya MSc

Reference ID: ABMSE-SEP-13

Paper Title: Spaces of Value for the Model of Traditional Taxis Applying the Theory of Constrains

Presenter Name: Resul AYDEMIR

Reference ID: RMS-499-101

Paper Title: Macro Stress Testing the Conventional and Participation Banks Using Semi-Parametric Quantile Regression Analysis: Evidence from Turkish Banking Industry

Presenter Name: Dr Jaswina Bihari-Elahi

Reference ID: SHAE-09-105

Paper Title: Strengthening Resilience of Youth on the Labor Market Industry

Presenter Name: Dr Leila Mohajer

Reference ID: SHAE-09-107

Paper Title: Gender or status? Power Demonstration in Doctor-patient Interaction in the Malaysia Context

Presenter Name: Itsarate Dolphen

Reference ID: SHAE-09-111

Paper Title: The Strategies for Addressing Main Characters In Isan Literature: A Case Study Of Khulu-Nang Ua

Session 02: 12:00 am - 12:30 pm

Track B: Engineering Technology & Applied Sciences

Presenter Name: Michael J Bryant

Reference ID: RDEI-09-P1

Paper Title: User Acceptance of Downloaded Mobile Services

Presenter Name: Majid Sarrafzadeh

Reference ID: RDEI-09-P5

Paper Title: Smart Insole: Pedometer and Toe Walk Detection Platform For Remote Monitoring of Walking Patterns

Closing Ceremony & Lunch (12:30 pm - 01:30 pm)



Conference Attendees

The following scholars/practitioners/educationist who don't have any paper presentation, however they will attend the conference as delegates & observers.

Participant Name: Irena Miletic Reference ID: RDEI-09-P3 Country: Faculty of Humanities and Social Sciences, University of Rijeka, Department of Psychology Sveucilisna avenija 4 51000 Rijeka Croatia Participant Name: Barbara Baker Reference ID: ABMSE-SEP-01 Country: Department of Art & Design, Faculty of Arts, University of Alberta Participant Name: Simon J Wilde Reference ID: RDEI-09-P6

Country: School of Business and Tourism, Southern Cross University, Australia



ISER International Conference on Academic Research in Business Management, Social Science, Humanities, & Economic Growth (ABMSE)

Day 02: Thursday September 26, 2019

Conference second day is reserved for participants own tourism activities.



Conference Abstracts

Track A: Business Management, Economics, Social Sciences & Humanities



Human Capital and Innovation in China: Relationship and Regional Heterogeneity

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This paper tries to analysis the relationship of human capital and regional innovation ability in China. We employ 31 provincial panel data ranged from 2000 to 2017 in China to analysis this relationship, after controlled local economic development, industry structure, fiscal condition, enterprise development etc., the two-way fixed effect model reveals that human capital indeed improves regional innovation, every 1% increase in human capital is positively associated with 8.9% increase in local patent application, this relationship is robust with additional control variables that may affect both human capital and innovation are included in the model. We further discuss the heterogeneity of this relationship across china. By dividing 31 provinces into West, Middle, and East area, we find that human capital is most significant in West areas, which implicates that human capital is essentially important for less developed regions. Our study has provided macro evidence that human capital is one of the most important factors that stimulate innovation thus economic growth, and related policy should consider the heterogeneity across regions.

Index Terms: Expenditure on education, Human Capital, Regional Innovation



R&D Expenditure, Intellectual Property Protection and Enterprise Performance in China

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³Shenzhen Middle School, Guangdong, China
Corresponding email: chlee@nchu.edu.tw

This paper explores the effect of Research and Development (R & D) input and intellectual property protection on the profitability of Chinese enterprises. We employ provincially panel data in China ranged from 2009 to 2016, and constructed two-way fixed effects econometric model to estimate, the OLS results show that regional expenditure in R& D significantly improves the performance of Chinese enterprises, every percentage increase in R & D expenditure is associated with 0.24% increase in enterprises profitability, we further discuss the heterogeneity of this relationship by split our sample into eastern, central and western areas, the regression results show that the relationship of R&D expenditure and enterprise performance is driven by eastern area. Meanwhile, we jointly explore the effect of R&D expenditure on profitability depends on the initial value of intellectual property protection. Our results help us to understand about policies that can be used to stimulate enterprise profitability in China.

Index Terms: China, Fixed Effect Model, Intellectual Property Protection, Profitability, Research and Development



Spaces of Value for the Model of Traditional Taxis Applying the Theory of Constrains

Jose Stalin Rojas Amaya MSc *

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The Theory of constrains - TOC uses the concept of limitation to explain why companies cannot achieve the goal of generating maximum profit. By using the TOC categories to the taxi operating model, it is possible to identify several limitations: The affiliation system, the prices applied to the user in each trip per meter, the time of use of the car, the working schedule of the drivers and recently, it is considered as constrain the perceptions of comfort and insecurity for the user regarding the transport service through applications (STAPPs - uber and similar). Bogota (Colombia), has about 7 million inhabitants and 5.5% of the population uses taxis, there are 52,390 taxis and travel times average is about 36 minutes. Considering the above context, the following question arises: Is it possible to increase taxi incomes with the aforementioned constrains? On the other hand, the market research companies model offers its services of product testing or perception surveys based on people's answers, offering a minimum compensation to those who answer or participate in such surveys, all of this under statistical representativeness parameters. Interpreting this business model with the conceptual categories of the TOC, the main constrain is the statistical representativeness in order to make the answers reliable. Finally, the document proposes that based on the TOC model, the market research business model can be incorporated into the operating model of traditional taxis in order to economically exploit the travel times of taxi users.

Index Terms: Theory of Constrains (TOC), Uber, Taxis.



Strengthening Resilience of Youth on the Labor Market

Dr. Jaswina Bihari-Elahi ^{*} The Hague University of Applied Science, Netherlands **Corresponding email:** m.j.bihari-elahi@hhs.nl

Youngsters with a migrant background from deprived areas often have to overcome systematically rejections on the labormarket caused by different excluding mechanisms such as discrimination, lack of the right competences or language deficiency. In order to avoid these group dropping out of the labor market, it is important to strengthen their resilience, so they can overcome the setbacks on the labor market. Though there is a lot written about resilience, there is a big gap in literature and a lack of methods when it comes to resilience for the labormarket and strengthening of this kind of resilience. The central question in this research therefore is how resilience among jobseekers can be strengthened by professionals. In order to answer the central question, a practice-oriented study was carried out, consisting of a preliminary research among young adults from the deprived area Molenwijk (in The Hague, The Netherlands) who succeeded in gaining a position on the labor market despite exclusion mechanisms. Followed by an action research in the form of a labor market trajectory for unemployed young people. The findings shows that resilience on the labor market is specific and can be strengthened by an intensive training.

Index Terms: Resilience, Youth, Labor Market, Excluding Mechanism



Gender or status? Power Demonstration in Doctor-patient Interaction in the Malaysia Context

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This study investigates the ways in which gender and status of doctors and patients create power among them. In order to conduct this research and observe power relations, we look at the interruption patterns in doctor-patient interaction because interruption provides an opportunity for interactants to dominate the conversation which can have negative effects on the treatment and consultation process. The data consists of 480 minutes of recorded conversations between doctors and patients of both genders during 160 consultation visits. We have used both quantitative and qualitative methods to analyse our data; however, qualitative method is more prominent. Conversation analysis has also been used to evaluate the interruption elements in their talk. The findings indicate that the gender of the interactants in a determining factor in number and the type of the interruptions that they make. It appears that male interactants. In addition, the status of the interactants influence the interruption process. Doctors, holding a higher status compared to the patients at the time of consultation, made more intrusive interruptions and patients made more cooperative interruptions while it was not the case when the doctor was a female. Based on our findings, listening skills and communication training for both female and male doctors can minimize miscommunication during consultation visits and enhance healthcare quality.

Index Terms: Doctor-Patient Conversation, Gender, Status, Interruptions



The Strategies for Addressing Main Characters in Isan Literature: A Case Study Of Khulu-Nang Ua

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Khulu-Nang Ua is one of the most famous Isan literature in Northeast Thailand. This literature belongs to a tradition of tragic romances as Romeo and Juliet but in Isan version. The plot is based on an Isan folktale written in verse without any evidence of the writer but revised by Preecha Phinthong (1981). Besides having good plot and using beautiful words to compose this tragic story, the strategies the writer used to address the main characters, Khulu and Nang Ua, are remarkable. Therefore, this paper aims at exploring the strategies for addressing main characters in the Northeastern Thai literature of Khulu-Nang Ua. Only the main characters, Khula (the hero) and Nang Ua (the heroine) are explored. The content analysis is applied for the methodology of this study. The findings reveal that there are two main strategies for address, there are four sub-strategies to be used as follows: 1) name, 2) name title + name, 3) name title + name + modifier, and 4) name + modifier. As for the indirect address, there are four sub-strategies as well that the writer used them to address main characters in this story as follows: 1) metaphorical words, 2) pronouns, 3) name title, and 4) name title + modifier. It was found that the metaphorical words was often used as the main strategies to address the characters, especially for Nang Ua. This is because many metaphorical words were found and used diversely.

Index Terms: Strategies, Address Term, Main Characters, Isan literature, Khulu-Nang Ua



Macro Stress Testing the Conventional and Participation Banks Using Semi-Parametric Quantile Regression Analysis: Evidence from Turkish Banking Industry

Resul Aydemir , Phd ^{1*}, Bulent Gulogu ² ^{1,2} Istanbul Technical University, Department of Economics, Turkey **Corresponding email:** resulaydemir@itu.edu.tr

We examine the resilience of conventional and participation banks in Turkey against risk shocks for the period 2005M1-2018M12. We employ time series based aggregate semiparametric quantile regression approach due to its superiority over other techniques used in current stress tests. It can capture potential nonlinear relationship between dependent and independent variables which is a challenge in stress testing. Moreover, it provides more flexibility than linear regression models that require more restrictive assumptions. We also contribute to the literature by specifying scenario analyses that differ from earlier studies. Rather than using random simulations based on autoregressive models, we utilize distributions such as logistic and extreme value as they are more appropriate for modelling financial crisis. We conduct several robustness checks for the soundness of the analysis. The results shed light on issues that are critical for banking industry and regulators in Turkey

Index Terms: Macro Stress Tests, Participation Banking, Semi Parametric Quantile ,Regression, Credit Risk



Conference Abstracts

Track B: Engineering Technology & Applied Sciences



User Acceptance of Downloaded Mobile Services

Michael J Bryant (PhD)^{1*}, Simon J Wilde² ^{1,2}School of Business and Tourism, Southern Cross University, Australia **Corresponding email:** m.bryant.20@student.scu.edu.au

The ubiquitous adoption of Information Communication Technology (ICT) smartphone devices has been driven by user demands for features, and functionality eclipsing basic mobile phone technology. One core utility feature developed for smartphones, is the ability to easily access, and use Location Based Services (LBS) applications (apps). Expanding upon prior Technology Acceptance for Mobile Services (TAMM) research, this study investigates core influences of user acceptance on LBS weather apps using smartphone devices. Utilising Exploratory Factor Analysis (EFA) in this research context, four key factors of user acceptance were identified as: Ease of Use, Trust, Value, and Ease of Adoption. Moreover, results from this research showed elevated responses to Ease of Use, and Ease of Adoption scale items from the 178 survey respondents who downloaded a weather app for use on their smartphone mobile device. Given the increase in development of LBS apps, future enquiry could engage in a broader research scope by investigating the influencing effects of TAMM constructs on user acceptance of various LBS classifications, across an expanded array of ICT mobile devices.

Index Terms: TAMM, Location Based Services, Downloaded Apps, Information Systems



Smart Insole: Pedometer and Toe Walk Detection Platform For Remote Monitoring of Walking Patterns

Ghazaal Ershadi ¹, Migyeong Gwak ², Majid Sarrafzadeh ^{3*}, Afshin Aminian ⁴, Rahul Soangra ⁵, Marybeth Grant-Beuttler ⁶

^{1,2,3,4,5,6}Computer Science Department University of California Los Angeles, USA **Corresponding email:** majid@cs.ucla.edu

Toe walking is a pattern of walking where an individual strolls on the balls of their feet rather than with their heels touching the ground. Toe walking can cause stiff calf muscles and reduced ankle motion. We propose Smart Insole, a platform for real-time monitoring which counts different patterns of walking and provides the biofeedbacks to adjust the toe walks. Our data acquisition framework captures data from two force sensors embedded in the insole where the ball of the foot and heel is posed. After data analysis in a gait cycle and detecting the type of activity, insole vibrates if consecutive toe walks are observed. Furthermore, a connected android application transmits sensor values and activity recognition to the database in real-time. We evaluated the accuracy of our activity recognition algorithm in a study with three women. Our proposed activity recognition algorithm can detect toe or normal (heel to toe) walking, sitting, and standing with the mean accuracy of 79varying between subjects and different paces of walking. Smart Insole provides precise and high standard guidelines for orthopedic experts and patients to monitor activity patterns and outgrow toe walking.

Index Terms: Embedded, Pedometer, Platform



Upcoming Events

http://ise-research.com/nrbms-8-19/	
http://ise-research.com/abmem-10-19/	
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